

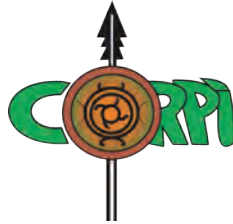
*Keys to a just and sustainable
energy transition from an
indigenous perspective*



In collaboration with:

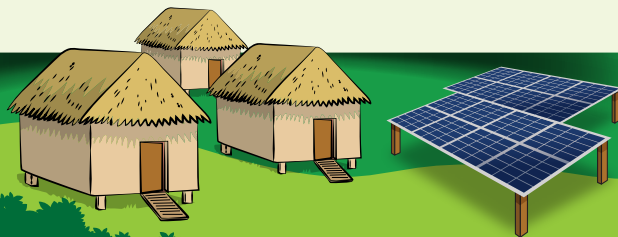


Central Asháninka
del Río Ene



What do we mean by a **just and sustainable energy transition?**

It is changing the way energy is produced, using renewable and sustainable sources that contribute to combating the climate crisis, with a human rights approach and respect for Indigenous territories.

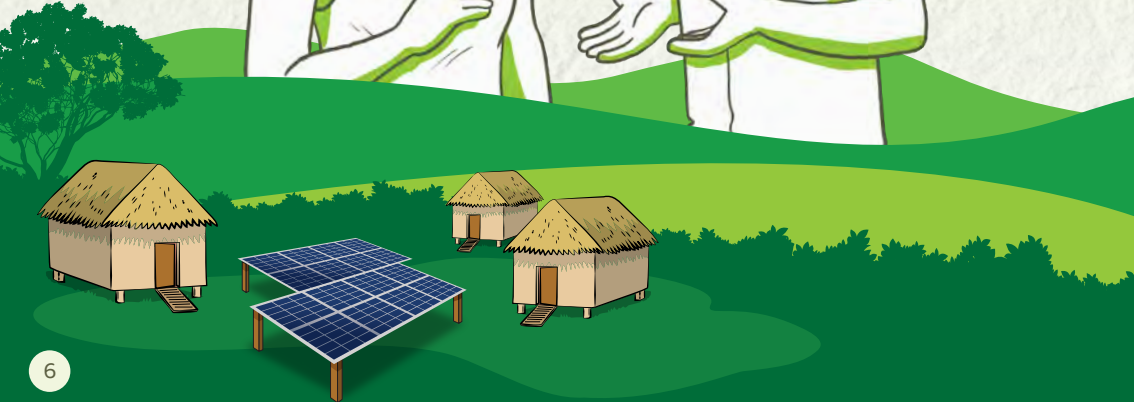


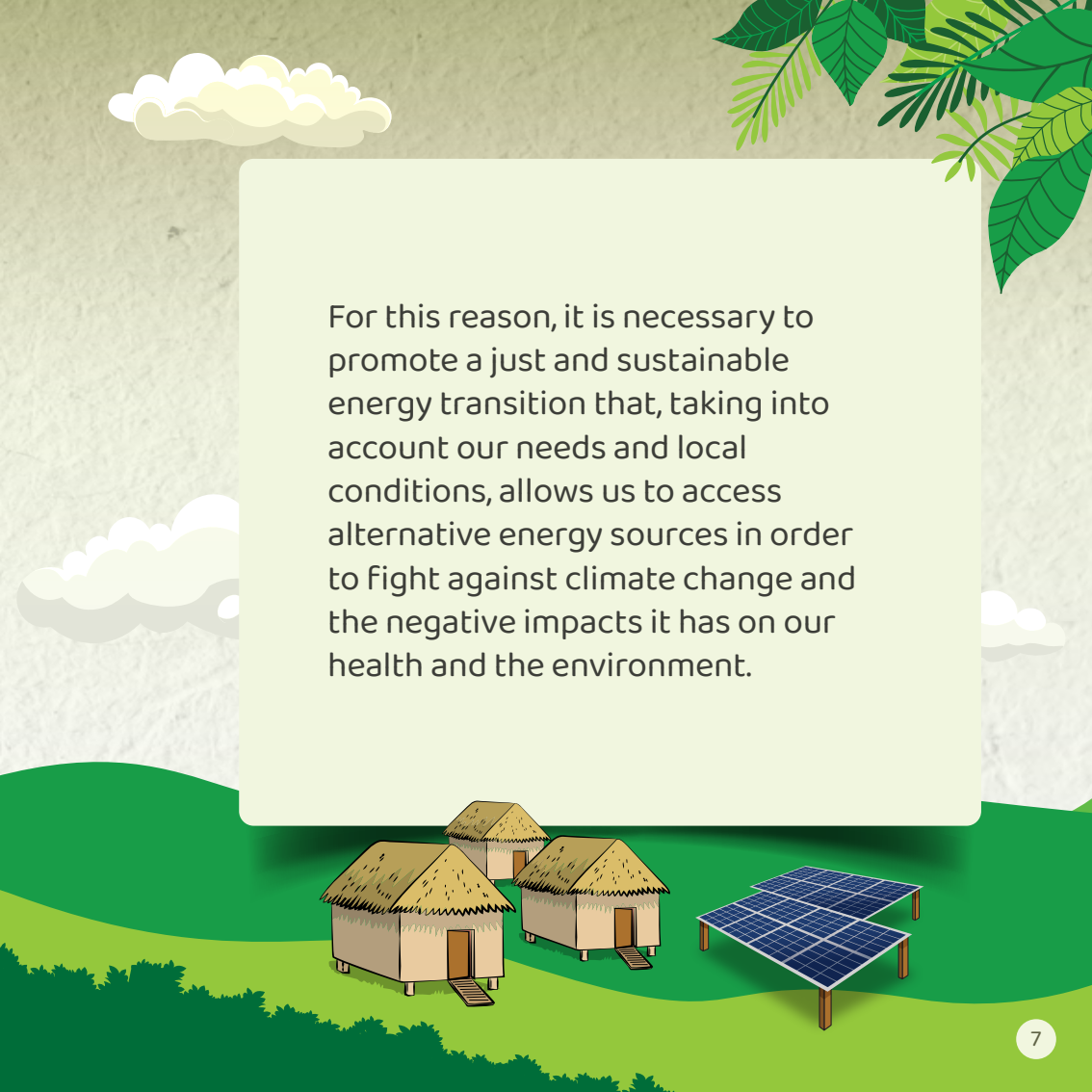


*For a just and
sustainable energy
transition*

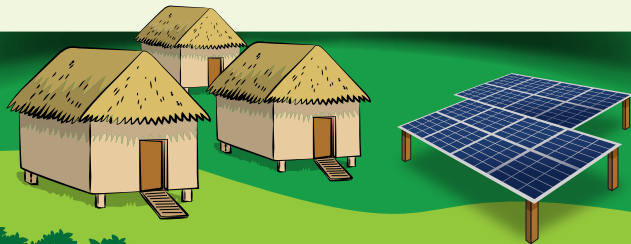
Why is it necessary to promote a just and sustainable energy transition?

- The current way energy is generated pollutes and degrades our territories and does not offer us a sustainable future.
- Because changing and diversifying the sources we use to generate electricity can help more Peruvians access this service, currently, many of our communities lack access to energy due to being far from large cities. This exposes us to a lack of 24-hour communication systems and inadequate educational and health services.





For this reason, it is necessary to promote a just and sustainable energy transition that, taking into account our needs and local conditions, allows us to access alternative energy sources in order to fight against climate change and the negative impacts it has on our health and the environment.





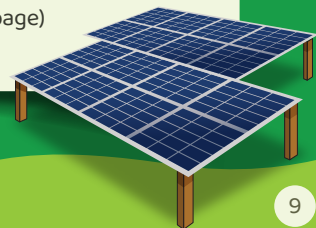
Our
conditions

So, what do we need to ensure a just and sustainable energy transition in Peru?

For the energy transition to be just and sustainable, it is necessary for the State to ensure the respect of the human and collective rights of Indigenous peoples.

Below, we propose some specific conditions:


(See next page)



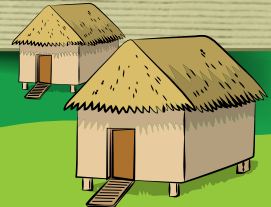
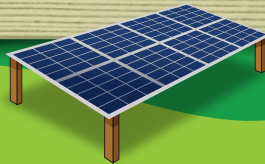




1.



Ensure that the energy transition creates conditions for our population to develop productive activities, allowing us to integrate into the local, regional, or national economy. Therefore, it must consider joint work at the local level, so that new energy sources address our needs and local dynamics.





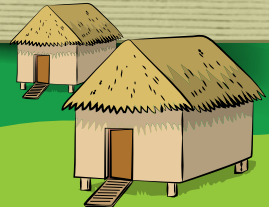
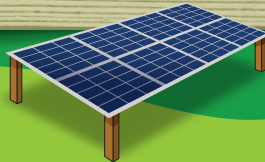
Sanitation





2.

Ensure the legal sanitation of our territory to prevent invasions or the presence of illegal activities. Only then will the energy transition process develop in a context of stability and administrative security, without generating additional costs.

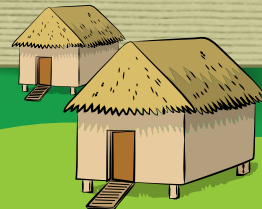
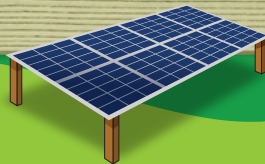






3.

Ensure that the energy transition is conceived and planned from local management, so that it truly responds to our collective demands as Indigenous peoples, such as the management and communal use of energy. Furthermore, it would be important consider the lessons learned from interventions carried out in the Amazon.

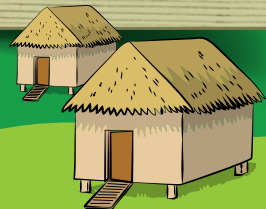
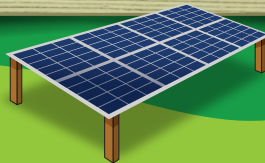






4.

Ensure that projects for energy access with non-conventional energies include training programs for us, the beneficiaries, on the use and maintenance of the equipment.



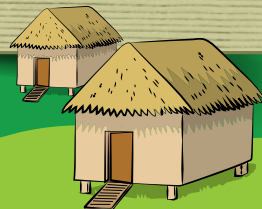
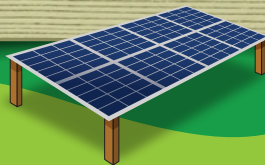




5.

Ensure that the energy transition takes advantage of the renewable potential of the country, for greater energy security and independence.

Additionally, by using renewable energy, we will also contribute to the fight against climate change that affects us.

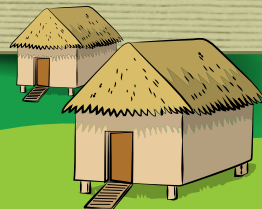
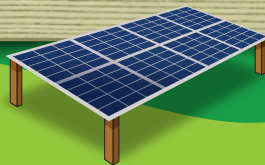






6.

Ensure that governance mechanisms such as transparency, access to information, and citizen participation are developed from the design of energy transition projects. These mechanisms must also include a gender perspective that highlights the role of women to avoid exacerbating gender inequalities.

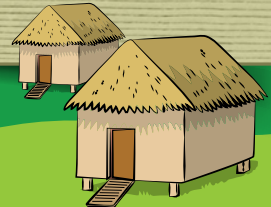
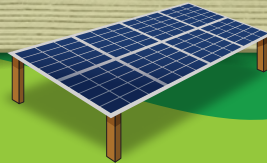






7.

Ensure the full exercise of our right to prior consultation regarding our territories. The consultation should not just be an informative process but must ensure that our development perspectives are included. Let us remember that the goal of consultation is to obtain the consent of our people.

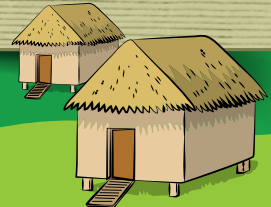
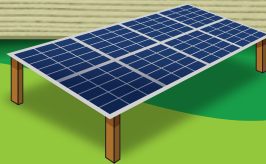






8.

Ensure that the energy transition helps us not only reduce our energy access gap but also our gap in access to other basic services such as healthcare, education, food, and other important services. This will contribute to reducing inequality and poverty in our communities.





CAMPAIGN:

Fair and Sustainable Energy for a Better Life



With the support of:

